

Aperture Investors SICAV – European Innovation Fund

Objective

The objective of the Fund is to generate superior longterm risk adjusted returns in excess of the MSCI Europe Net Total Return EUR Index by investing in a portfolio exposed essentially to European equities and equity-related instruments. The Fund is actively managed and references the Benchmark for the purpose of calculating the performance fee.

Portfolio Manager Anis Lahlou

Benchmark (Used for performance fee calculation) MSCI Europe Net Total Return EUR Index

Performance Summary (%)

Calendar 12-Month Returns			
(Net of fees)	2022	2021	2020
FUND	-16.21	28.73	11.13
BENCHMARK	-9.49	25.13	-3.32

Cumulative & Annualised Returns

	Cumulative		Annualised		ed	
(Net of fees)	1M	ЗM	YTD	1Y	ЗY	Since Launch
FUND	-3.86	4.74	-16.21	-16.21	6.22	6.34
BENCHMARK	-3.51	9.55	-9.49	-9.49	3.06	3.10

Important information: Investments involve risks. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance and can be misleading. There can be no assurance that an investment objective will be achieved or that there will be a return on capital. You may not get back the amount initially invested. Before making any investment decision, investors must at least read the PRIIPS Key Information Document (KID) / UCITS Key Investor Information Document (KID) of the Sub-fund (as applicable), as well as the Prospectus/PPM to understand the costs, risks and conditions related to the investment. The KIDs are available in at least one of the official languages of the EU/EEA countries where the sub-fund has been registered for distribution. The Prospectus is available in English, as well as the annual / semi-annual reports. These documents are available free of charge at the following website: <u>www.generali-investments.com</u> or at <u>www.generali-investments.lu</u> upon request

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Key	Info

CATEGORY	EUROPEAN EQUITY
TOTAL FUND ASSETS	€430M

Fund Facts	
TICKER (I, EUR, Dis)	APEIIED
ISIN (I, EUR, Dis)	LU2077746936
SHARE CLASS INCEPTION DATE	2019-12-17
INCEPTION DATE	2019-12-17
OPEN TO NEW INVESTORS	YES
INVESTMENT SCHEME	UCITS
DOMICILE	LUXEMBOURG
LIQUIDITY	DAILY
FUND CURRENCY	EUR
SHARE CLASS CURRENCY	EUR
CASH SETTLEMENT	T+3
FUND CUT-OFF	1:00PM CET
SWING PRICING	YES
ENTRY CHARGE (%)	UP TO 5.00
EXIT CHARGE (%)	UP TO 1.00
ONGOING CHARGES (%)	0.60
MANAGEMENT FEE (%)	VMF MINIMUM 0.30
PERFORMANCE FEE	VARIABLE
INVESTMENT MANAGER	APERTURE INVESTORS UK, LTD
MANAGEMENT CO.	GENERALI INVESTMENTS LUXEMBOURG S.A.
COUNTRIES OF REGISTRATION	AT, CH, DE, ES, IT, LU, PT, UK
MIN. SUBSCRIPTION (SHARE CLASS CURRENCY)	INSTITUTIONAL 100,000
INCOME/DIVIDEND CLASS	AVAILABLE

Past performance calculated in EUR. When all or part of the costs are in another currency than yours, the costs may increase as a result of currency and exchange rate fluctuations.





Portfolio Characteristics

NUMBER OF HOLDINGS	64
NUMBER OF LONGS	53
NUMBER OF SHORTS	11
RELATIVE MAX DRAWDOWN	-7.36%
STANDARD DEVIATION	17.39%
BETA	0.95
R SQUARED	0.83
TRACKING ERROR	7.28%
SHARPE RATIO	-0.93
INFORMATION RATIO	-0.92
GROSS EXPOSURE	101.97%
NET EXPOSURE	97.54%
LONG EXPOSURE	99.75%
SHORT EXPOSURE	-2.22%

Top Sector Exposures

SECTOR	APEIIED (%)	BENCHMARK (%)
Technology	17.32	6.55
Industrial Goods and Services	15.14	11.68
Health Care	13.63	16.51
Media	9.18	1.61
Banks	8.74	8.12
Energy	7.09	7.18
Consumer Products and Services	4.53	6.64
Insurance	4.37	5.32
Food, Beverage and Tobacco	3.59	8.81
Chemicals	3.21	2.81

Top Geographic Exposures

Top Holdings

HOLDING	APEIIED (%)
Novo Nordisk Fonden	5.60
ASML Holding NV	5.49
Nestle SA	3.59
AstraZeneca PLC	3.37
Roche Holding AG	3.35

COUNTRY	APEIIED (%)	BENCHMARK (%)
France	23.99	18.32
UK	21.98	23.61
Germany	11.99	12.60
Switzerland	11.58	15.68
Netherlands	8.90	6.58
Denmark	5.60	4.59
Norway	3.91	1.20
Italy	2.50	3.63
Ireland	2.41	1.07
Finland	2.33	1.58

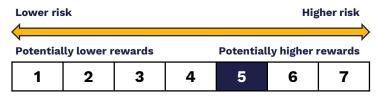
For illustrative purpose only. There is no guarantee that an investment objective will be achieved or that a return on capital will be obtained. The Fund does not benefit from any guarantee to protect the capital.

Allocations subject to change. This document does not constitute an investment advice to buy or sell the presented securities.

The exposures above are shown as a percentage (%) of NAV, are as of the date indicated and may be materially different as of your review of this presentation. To fully understand any restrictions, either statutory or based on internal guidelines, please review the Fund's Prospectus and other offering materials. Exposures and other charts above may not total 100% due to the application of net exposures, the use of leverage or leveraged instruments, or due to the limited scope shown.



Risk and Reward Profile – SRI*



The Risk and Reward profile of this Sub-fund, as reflected in the Summary Risk Indicator ("SRI") required for the PRIIPS KID is 5. The SRI is a guide to the level of risk of this product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the product will lose money because of movements in the markets or because we are not able to pay you. The SRI for this product is 5 out of 7, which is a medium-high class. Risk 1 does not mean a risk-free investment. This indicator may change over time.

*It should be noted that the calculation of the SRI has been derived from the return history of the Fund in accordance with the prescribed PRIIPS methodology given the sub-fund has over 3 years of historical daily returns data available. In accordance with the associated guidelines for UCITS, the calculation of the Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator (SRRI) in the KIID has been derived from a representative portfolio model, target asset mix or benchmark given we do not have 5 years of historical returns data for the fund on which to apply the prescribed calculations.

Inherent risks of the Sub-fund include:

Sustainable finance risk, Market risk, Volatility risk, Equity, Investment in smaller companies, Foreign exchange, Short exposure risk, Derivatives, OTC financial derivative instruments, Rule 144A and/or Regulation S securities, Sustainability risk.

Significant risk(s) for the Fund not taken into account in this indicator include the following: **Counterparty Risk:** The Fund primarily concludes derivatives trades with various contracting parties. There is a risk that counterparties may no longer be able to honour their payment or settlement obligations. **Operational Risk and Depositary Risk:** The Fund may fall victim to fraud or other criminal acts. It may also incur losses due to misunderstandings or errors by employees of the management company, the depositary or external third parties. Finally, its' management or the custody of its' assets can be adversely affected by external events such as fires, natural disasters etc.

Important Information:

This marketing communication is related to **Aperture Investors SICAV**, an open-ended investment company with variable capital (SICAV) under Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010, qualifying as an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) and its Sub-Fund, altogether referred to as "the Fund". This marketing communication is intended **only for professional investors in Austria, Germany, Spain, Italy, Luxembourg, Portugal, Switzerland and United Kingdom,** where the Fund is registered for distribution, within the meaning of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2014/65/EU (MiFID) and **is not intended for retail investors.** The Fund has not been registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and is **not intended for U.S. Persons** as defined under Regulation S of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

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The Management Company of the Fund is Generali Investments Luxembourg S.A., a public limited liability company (société anonyme) under Luxembourg law, authorised as UCITS Management Company and Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM) in Luxembourg, regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) - CSSF code: S00000988 LEI: 222100FSOH054LBKJL62.

Generali Investments Partners S.p.A. Società di gestione del risparmio is an Italian asset management company regulated by Bank of Italy and appointed to act as marketing promoter of the Fund in the EU/EEA countries where the Fund is registered for distribution (Via Niccolò Machiavelli 4, Trieste, 34132, Italia - C.M. n.1 5376 - LEI: 549300DDG9IDTO0X8E20).

This document is co-issued by Generali Investments Partners S.p.A Società di gestione del risparmio, Generali Investments Luxembourg S.A. and Aperture.

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In Switzerland: The Fund is registered with the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA). Advertising intended for Swiss qualified investors as Article 10 (3) and (3ter) of the Collective Investment Schemes Act (CISA), meaning: (1) Swiss professional and Swiss institutional investors as per Article 4 paragraphs 3–5 of Federal Act on Financial Services (FinSA) and Article 5 paragraphs 1-4 (including High-Net-Worth individuals) (2) Retail investors for whom a financial intermediary provides portfolio management or investment advice under the conditions defined in Article 10 (3ter) of CISA. The Swiss version of the prospectus and KIDs are available at www.generali-investments.lu. Swiss Representative: ACOLIN Fund Services AG, Leutschenbachstrasse 50 CH 8050 Zurich - Swiss Paying agent: InCore Bank AG, Wiesenstrasse 17 P O Box, CH 8952 Schlieren.

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As with the use of any investment criteria in selecting a portfolio, there is no guarantee that the criteria used will, in hindsight, result in the selection of investments that will outperform other investments or help reduce risk in the portfolio. Accordingly, use of ESG factors, like other economic factors, may cause the Fund to underperform funds that use different ESG factors or interpret or weight certain factors differently. Additionally, externally managed similar mandate accounts that do not use ESG factors may outperform the Fund. The Fund's use of ESG factors may also affect exposure to certain sectors, industries or geographic regions and may impact investment performance depending on whether such sectors or industries are in or out of favor in the market.

For its services to the Sub-fund, the Investment Manager is entitled to a variable management fee ("VMF"), which is calculated and accrued daily, at a rate of 2.85% (the "VMF Midpoint"). The VMF Minimum portion of the VMF will be calculated and accrued daily based on the Sub-fund's NAV. The rest of the VMF amount, if any, will be calculated and accrued daily based on the Sub-fund's daily Modified Net Assets, adjusted upward or downward by a performance adjustment (the "Performance Adjustment") that depends on whether, and to what extent, the performance of the Sub-fund exceeds, or is exceeded by, the performance of the Benchmark plus 8.5% (850 basis points) (the "VMF Midpoint Hurdle") over the Performance Period. For a full description of the VMF please see the applicable section in Appendix A contained in the Prospectus. Other share classes offered by the Fund may have different performance. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost and current performance may be lower or higher than the performance shown. A fund's performance for very short time periods may not be indicative of future performance. Indices are unmanaged and do not include the effect of fees or expenses. One cannot invest directly in an index. The performance returns represent past performance. **Past performance does not guarantee future results**.

Investors should note the specific risk warnings:

Sustainable finance risk: Sustainable finance is a rapidly developing area. The legal and regulatory framework governing sustainable finance continues to evolve. The European Commission has initiated legislative reforms in this area, which include, without limitation, SFDR regarding the introduction of transparency and disclosure obligations for investors, funds and asset managers in relation to ESG factors, for which most rules took effect beginning on 10 March 2021. Whilst there has been a step towards a common standard, there is however still discretion among firms that may result in different approaches to setting and achieving ESG objectives. ESG factors may vary depending on investment themes, asset classes, investment philosophy and subjective use of different ESG indicators governing portfolio construction. The selection and weightings applied may to a certain extent be subjective or based on metrics that may share the same name but have different underlying meanings. ESG information, whether from an external and/or internal source, is, by nature and in many instances, based on a qualitative and judgemental assessment, especially in the absence of well-defined market standards and due to the existence of multiple approaches to sustainable investment. An element of subjectivity and discretion is therefore inherent to the interpretation and use of ESG data. It may consequently be difficult to compare strategies integrating ESG criteria. ESG information from third-party data providers may be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. As a result, there exists a risk of incorrectly assessing a security or issuer, resulting in the incorrect inclusion or exclusion of a security. ESG data providers are private undertakings providing ESG data for a variety of issuers. The ESG data providers may change the evaluation of issuers or instruments, at their discretion and from time to time, due to ESG or other factors. The approach to sustainable finance may evolve and develop over time, both due to a refinement of investment decision-making processes to address ESG factors and risks, and because of legal and regulatory developments. Applying ESG and sustainability criteria to the investment process may exclude securities of certain issuers for non-investment reasons and therefore the concerned Sub-funds may forgo some market opportunities available to funds that do not use ESG or sustainability criteria. Securities of companies with ESG practices may shift into and out of favor depending on market and economic conditions, and the concerned Sub-funds' performance may at times be better or worse than the performance of funds that do not use ESG or sustainability criteria. The selection of investments may in part rely on a proprietary ESG scoring process or ban lists that rely partially on third party data. The lack of common or harmonised definitions and labels integrating ESG and sustainability criteria at EU level may result in different approaches by the Investment Manager when setting ESG objectives and determining that these objectives have been met by the funds they manage. This also means that it may be difficult to compare strategies integrating ESG and sustainability criteria to the extent that the selection and weightings applied to select investments may, to a certain extent, be subjective or based on metrics that may share the same name but have different underlying meanings. Investors should note that the subjective value that they may or may not assign to certain types of ESG criteria may differ substantially from the Investment Manager's methodology.

<u>Market risk</u>: Market risk is understood as the risk of loss for a Sub-fund resulting from fluctuation in the market value of positions in its portfolio attributable to changes in market variables, such as general economic conditions, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, or the creditworthiness of the issuer of a financial instrument. This is a general risk that applies to all investments, meaning that the value of a particular investment may go down as well as up in response to changes in market variables. Although it is intended that each Sub-fund will be diversified with a view to reducing market risk, the investments of a Sub-fund will remain subject to fluctuations in market variables and the risks inherent in investing in financial markets.

<u>Volatility risk</u>: The volatility of a financial instrument is a measure of the variations in the price of that instrument over time. A higher volatility means that the price of the instrument can change significantly over a short time period in either direction. Each Sub-fund may make investments in instruments or markets that are likely to experience high levels of volatility. This may cause the Net Asset Value per Share to experience significant increases or decreases in value over short periods of time.

Equity: The value of a Sub-fund that invests in equity securities will be affected by changes in the stock markets and changes in the value of individual portfolio securities. At times, stock markets and individual securities can be volatile and prices can change substantially in short periods of time. The equity securities of smaller companies are more sensitive to these changes than those of larger companies. This risk will affect the value of such Sub-funds, which will fluctuate as the value of the underlying equity securities fluctuates.

<u>Investment in smaller companies</u>: Investment in smaller companies may involve greater risks and thus may be considered speculative. Investment in a Sub-fund investing in smaller companies should be considered long-term and not as a vehicle for seeking short term profits. Many small company stocks trade less frequently and in smaller volumes and may be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements than stocks of larger companies. The securities of small companies may also be more sensitive to market changes than securities in large companies.

Foreign exchange: Each Sub-fund investing in securities denominated in currencies other than its Reference Currency may be subject to foreign exchange risk. As the assets of each Sub-fund are valued in its Reference Currency, changes in the value of the Reference Currency compared to other currencies will affect the value, in the Reference Currency, of any securities denominated in such other currencies. Foreign exchange exposure may increase the volatility of investments relative to investments denominated in the Reference Currency. In accordance with its investment objective and policy, a Sub-fund may attempt to hedge or reduce foreign exchange risk, generally through the use of derivatives. However, it may not be possible or practical to hedge or reduce such risk at all times.



Specific risk warnings (cont'd):

In addition, a Share Class that is denominated in a Reference Currency other than the Reference Currency of the Sub-fund exposes the investor to the risk of fluctuations between the Reference Currency of the Share Class and that of the Sub-fund. Currency hedged Share Classes seek to limit the impact of such fluctuations through currency hedging transactions. However, there can be no assurance that the currency hedging policy will be successful at all times. This exposure is in addition to foreign exchange risk, if any, incurred by the Sub-fund with respect to investments denominated in other currencies than its Reference Currency, as described above.

<u>Short exposure risk</u>: A Sub-fund may proceed with short-term sales of their investment via the use of derivatives. The short exposure risk results from short sales achieved through the use of derivatives and includes the potential for losses exceeding the cost of the investment, as well as the risk that the third party to the short sale will not fulfil its contractual obligations.

Derivatives: Each of the Sub-funds may use derivative instruments, such as options, futures and swap contracts and enter into forward foreign exchange transactions. The ability to use these strategies may be limited by market conditions and regulatory limits and there can be no assurance that the objective sought to be attained from the use of these strategies will be achieved. Participation in the options or futures markets, in swap contracts and in foreign exchange transactions involves investment risks and transaction costs to which a Sub-fund would not be subject if it did not use these strategies. If the Investment Manager's predictions of movements in the direction of the securities, foreign currency and interest rate markets are inaccurate, the adverse consequences to a Sub-fund may leave the Sub-fund in a less favourable position than if such strategies were not used. Risks inherent in the use of options, foreign currency, swaps and futures contracts and options on futures contracts include, but are not limited to (a) dependence on the Investment Manager's ability to predict correctly movements in the direction of interest rates, securities prices and currency markets; (b) imperfect correlation between the price of options and futures contracts and options thereon and movements in the prices of the securities or currencies being hedged; (c) the fact that skills needed to use these strategies are different from those needed to select portfolio securities; (d) the possible absence of a liquid secondary market for any particular instrument at any time; and (e) the possible need for a Sub-fund to purchase or sell a portfolio security at a time that otherwise would be favourable for it to do so, or the possible need for a Sub-fund to sell a portfolio security at a disadvantageous time. Where a Sub-fund enters into swap transactions it is exposed to a potential counterparty risk. In case of insolvency or default of the swap counterparty, such event would affect the assets of the Sub-fund.

OTC financial derivative instruments: In general, there is less government regulation and supervision of transactions in OTC markets than of transactions entered into on organised exchanges. OTC derivatives are executed directly with the counterparty rather than through a recognised exchange and clearing house. Counterparties to OTC derivatives are not afforded the same protections as may apply to those trading on recognised exchanges, such as the performance guarantee of a clearing house. The principal risk when engaging in OTC derivatives (such as non-exchange traded options, forwards, swaps or contracts for difference) is the risk of default by a counterparty who has become insolvent or is otherwise unable or refuses to honour its obligations as required by the terms of the instrument. OTC derivatives may expose a Sub-fund to the risk that the counterparty will not settle a transaction in accordance with its terms, or will delay the settlement of the transaction, because of a dispute over the terms of the contract (whether or not bona fide) or because of the insolvency, bankruptcy or other credit or liquidity problems of the counterparty. Counterparty risk is generally mitigated by the transfer or pledge of collateral in favour of the Sub-fund. The value of the collateral may fluctuate, however, and it may be difficult to sell, so there are no assurances that the value of collateral held will be sufficient to cover the amount owed to a Fund. Central clearing is designed to reduce counterparty risk and increase liquidity compared to bilaterally-cleared OTC derivatives, but it does not eliminate those risks completely. The central counterparty will require margin from the clearing broker which will in turn require margin from the Fund. There is a risk of loss by a Fund of its initial and variation margin deposits in the event of default of the clearing broker with which the Fund has an open position or if margin is not identified and correctly report to the particular Fund, in particular where margin is held in an omnibus account maintained by the clearing broker with the central counterparty. In the event that the clearing broker becomes insolvent, the Fund may not be able to transfer or "port" its positions to another clearing broker. EU Regulation 648/2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories (also known as the European Market Infrastructure Regulation or "EMIR") requires certain eligible OTC derivatives to be submitted for clearing to regulated central clearing counterparties and the reporting of certain details to trade repositories. In addition, EMIR imposes requirements for appropriate procedures and arrangements to measure, monitor and mitigate operational and counterparty risk in respect of OTC derivatives which are not subject to mandatory clearing. Ultimately, these requirements are likely to include the exchange and segregation of collateral by the parties, including by the Fund. While some of the obligations under EMIR have come into force, a number of the requirements are subject to phase-in periods and certain key issues have not been finalised by the date of this Prospectus. It is as yet unclear how the OTC derivatives market will adapt to the new regulatory regime. ESMA has published an opinion calling for the UCITS Directive to be amended to reflect the requirements of EMIR and in particular the EMIR clearing obligation. However, it is unclear whether, when and in what form such amendments would take effect. Accordingly, it is difficult to predict the full impact of EMIR on the Fund, which may include an increase in the overall costs of entering into and maintaining OTC derivatives. Investors should be aware that the regulatory changes arising from EMIR and other applicable laws requiring central clearing of OTC derivatives may in due course adversely affect the ability of the Sub-funds to adhere to their respective investment policies and achieve their investment objective. 0130431-0000001 EU01: 2006442666.7 -53- Investments in OTC derivatives may be subject to the risk of differing valuations arising out of different permitted valuation methods. Although the Fund has implemented appropriate valuation procedures to determine and verify the value of OTC derivatives, certain transactions are complex and valuation may only be provided by a limited number of market participants who may also be acting as the counterparty to the transactions. Inaccurate valuation can result in inaccurate recognition of gains or losses and counterparty exposure. Unlike exchange-traded derivatives, which are standardised with respect to their terms and conditions, OTC derivatives are generally established through negotiation with the other party to the instrument. While this type of arrangement allows greater flexibility to tailor the instrument to the needs of the parties, OTC derivatives may involve greater legal risk than exchange-traded instruments, as there may be a risk of loss if the agreement is deemed not to be legally enforceable or not documented correctly. There also may be a legal or documentation risk that the parties may disagree as to the proper interpretation of the terms of the agreement.

<u>Rule 144A and/or Regulation S securities</u>: SEC Rule 144A provides a safe harbour exemption from the registration requirements of the US Securities Act of 1933 for resale of restricted securities to qualified institutional buyers, as defined in the rule. Regulation S provides an exclusion from registration requirements of the US Securities Act of 1933 for offerings made outside the United States by both US and foreign issuers. A securities offering, whether private or public, made by an issuer outside of the United States in reliance on Regulation S need not be registered. The advantage for investors may be higher returns due to lower administration charges. However, dissemination of secondary market transactions is limited and might increase the volatility of the security prices and, in extreme conditions, decrease the liquidity of a particular security.

For further information on risks and costs, please read the Prospectus and KID/KIIDs, available free of charge in English (KID also available in Italian) from Generali Investments Luxembourg S.A., 4 Rue Jean Monnet, L-2180 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg or at the following e-mail address: GILfundInfo@generali-invest.com.



UAE

Middle East Disclosures

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Kuwait
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